

## **ACM QUARTERLY MARKET COMMENTARY**

### **THIRD QUARTER 2020**

#### **Capital Markets**

Global stocks posted strong gains in the third quarter, completing a full recovery to pre-pandemic levels. Stock prices were propelled higher in the summer by better than expected economic data but sputtered in September as Covid cases around the world saw a resurgence. The iShares ACWI ETF gained 8.4% in the quarter and is now up 1.7% on the year. U.S. stocks, and in particular large U.S growth stocks, continue to outpace the rest of the market by a wide margin. The Schwab U.S. Large-Cap Growth ETF jumped 13.6% in the quarter and is now up an impressive 24.6% year-to-date. This stands in contrast to the other major areas of the stock market that are all in the red this year: U.S. Large Value -10.6%, U.S. Small Growth -7.8%, U.S. Small Value -22.7%, International Growth -1.8%, International Value -14.3%, Emerging Markets -0.9%. Not since the dot-com bubble in the late 1990s, have investors seen such lopsided market performance. Based on our analysis, large U.S growth stocks are now overvalued by more than 70% versus the rest of the global equity markets.

#### **Portfolio Updates**

Overall, we find stocks to be relatively attractive in terms of valuation, especially in comparison to fixed income investments. We see global stocks generating annual total returns of about 7% over the next decade, which represents a large equity risk premium over U.S. aggregate bonds that are yielding a little over 1%. Another indication of the value advantage for stocks is that for the first time ever, more than 75% of the stocks in the S&P 500 have dividend yields that are higher than the yield on the 10-Year U.S. Treasury. Given that stock returns are also once again outpacing bonds, they represent an attractive combination of relative valuation and price trends. As such, and generally speaking, our portfolios are running ahead of target equity allocations, and we would likely view a correction as an opportunity to further increase exposure.

Within our equity allocation, we continue to emphasize large U.S. growth stocks, despite their lofty valuations, in recognition that self-perpetuating bubbles like this often rise higher and last longer than a rational investor could ever predict. Eventually, however, large U.S. growth stocks will begin to falter, at which point our trend-sensitive equity models will lead us to emphasize other areas of the global stock market. We are also overweight emerging markets in our equity portfolio. Based on our analysis, emerging markets offer attractive value, and more recently, an improving relative price trend.

Within fixed income, we also favor emerging markets, as the Vanguard Emerging Markets Government Bond ETF is yielding 4.3% and has been outperforming U.S. aggregate bonds since the March pandemic lows. Additionally, we are overweight intermediate corporate bonds, which have generated relatively strong returns over the past six months and offer fair value with a yield of 1.8%. In tax-managed accounts, municipal bonds remain very attractive. The iShares National Muni Bond ETF is yielding just as much as the iShares Core U.S. Aggregate Bond ETF, despite being free from Federal income tax.

## Looking Forward

Looking forward to the balance of the year, the Presidential election looms large and will certainly be a source of volatility in the short-term. In the long-term, though, take comfort in the fact that over many decades U.S. stocks have generated fairly comparable returns regardless of which party was in control. Also know that interest rates represent a much more powerful force than politics. Irrespective of the election outcome, interest rates will likely remain very low for years to come, which will help support stock prices.

As we look into next year, the Covid-19 pandemic will continue to dominate headlines and have an outsized impact on the economy and capital markets. The development of an effective vaccine would be a game-changer, and hopeful signs point to possible widespread global availability by this time next year. Even so, the pandemic has inflicted damage to the economy, here and abroad, that will take years to heal and, in some cases may be permanent. It will no doubt be a tough slog, but, over the past century, our economy has shown an ability to adapt and overcome major shocks. No matter how things play out, we believe that our disciplined approach to portfolio management, based on a combination of valuation and price trends, will allow us to successfully navigate the capital markets on your behalf over the next decade.

## The Ackerman Difference.

*A financial partner in navigating the complexities and unique opportunities that come with significant wealth.*

**SEC-regulated Registered Investment Adviser (RIA).** Ackerman Capital Management is a SEC-regulated Registered Investment Advisory (RIA) firm with \$450+ million in assets under management (AUM). In contrast, RIAs with less than \$100 million are regulated at the state level.

**Experience & Expertise.** In 1969, our firm opened its doors and launched the first hedge fund in Dallas, Texas. Over five decades, academic research and new technology have fueled our investing innovation and fiduciary services from generation to generation.

**Independent, Fiduciary Advice.** All RIAs are accountable to a "fiduciary" standard. This standard requires that a client's financial interest is placed ahead of their own when providing advice. An "Independent" RIA should be free from bias towards in-house products or fee arrangements.

**Co-invested Accountability.** We operate at the highest level of client performance accountability - investing alongside our clients. We prefer to "eat our own cooking" by using the same research, same trading decisions, and the same strategies to manage client wealth as we do our own.

## COMMENTARY DISCLOSURES

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Neither Asset Allocation nor Diversification guarantees a profit or protect against a loss in a declining market. They are methods used to help manage investment risk. Rebalancing/Reallocating can entail transaction costs and tax consequences that should be considered when determining a rebalancing/reallocation strategy. A benchmark is intended to reflect an investment or portfolio based on investment growth with risk management. The S&P 500 Index was selected as a benchmark component because of its prominent usage. The portfolios of Ackerman Capital Management, LP has and will vary significantly from the composition of this index. The S&P 500 returns assume the reinvestment of dividends. Indices are unmanaged and investors cannot invest directly in an index. Unless otherwise noted, the performance of indices does not account for any fees, commissions, or other expenses that would be incurred. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results and investors should not assume that the future performance of Ackerman Capital Management LP will equal prior performance results. This report does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to subscribe to ACM portfolio management. Portfolio holdings entail risks and are subject to change without notice. For a listing of each security we have included in the Portfolio for the last 12 months, the date of the inclusion, the price of the security at the time, the current market price of each security and whether we bought or sold it, and the date of exclusion from the portfolio, please contact us at 214-361-5383. All recommendations are based on our research, opinions, and experience and may or may not have been profitable in the past, now, or in the future. “Global Stocks” refers to iShares MSCI ACWI ETF (ACWI) returns. ACWI seeks to track the investment results of an index composed of large and mid-capitalization developed and emerging market equities. U.S. Stock returns are represented the S&P 500 index which is used primarily for large capitalization stocks. (see S&P Index definition and Index disclosures). S&P 500 Index The S&P 500 is a U.S. stock market index based on the market capitalization of 500 large companies having common stock listed on the NYSE or NASDAQ. The S&P 500 index constituents and their weightings are determined by S&P Dow Jones Indices. It is one of the most commonly followed equity indices, and many consider it one of the best representations of the U.S. stock market. “Municipal Bonds” & “U.S. Municipal Bonds” refers to iShares National Muni Bond (MUB) ETF returns. MUB seeks to track the investment results of an index composed of investment-grade U.S. municipal bonds. Volatility Index (VIX) The VIX is a trademarked ticker symbol for the Chicago Board Options Exchange Market Volatility Index, a popular measure of the implied volatility of S&P 500 index options. Often referred to as the fear index or the fear gauge, it represents one measure of the market’s expectation of stock market volatility over the next 30-day period. “Emerging Markets” refers to iShares MSCI Emerging Market (EEM) ETF returns. EEM seeks to track the investment results of an index composed of large- and mid-capitalization emerging market equities. *Investment advisory services offered through Ackerman Capital Management, L.P., a registered investment adviser.*